

no need to hold the entertainment in Italian Hall.

Nine of those who were killed have not been buried. Fathers and husbands who left the copper country to seek work in Arizona and Montana have not arrived in Calumet, but it is expected that Tuesday will see the last of the funerals. Four were held yesterday. The coroner's inquest into the circumstances of the tragedy is to convene to-morrow.

According to statements of investigators for county officials, witnesses will be produced to show that the cry of "Fire," which started the panic, came from near the centre of the hall instead of from the doorway, as the first accounts had it.

Search for the man who shouted the first false alarm has thus far been unsuccessful. It was intimated, however, that clues to his identity were being worked out, and that an arrest is something more than a remote possibility.

**Marine Asks Investigation.**  
Washington, December 28.—A special investigation by the Department of Justice of conditions in the copper mine strike area in Michigan, was called for in a letter which Senator Martine, of New Jersey, wrote to-day to Attorney-General McKeen. Senator Martine has been inquiring into the charges of lawlessness in that region, and has conferred with Senator Kern and other members of the Senate and House. The Department of Justice has been asked to send a special agent to Michigan to investigate the conditions in that region, and to report to the Senate.

"In view of the unfortunate labor troubles now and for many months existing in the copper mining districts of Michigan; and, whereas, from reliable sources, I am informed that on December 28, President Charles H. Moyer, of the Western Federation of Miners, was forcibly abducted and carried out of the State of Michigan; and it is currently stated that the abduction was a matter of internal security, and paid for by the copper interests; and, in view of the fact that the Congress of the United States is not now in session, and will not be until January 12, 1914, therefore:

"As a citizen of the United States, I most respectfully pray that you appoint special officers or officers to go promptly to the scene of that lawless act, and examine exhaustively into all conditions there now existing against the peace and order of our country."

(Signed) JAMES E. MARTINE.  
Secretary Wilson said he would await a report from Solicitor Denmore before taking any further action.

**Moyer in Cheerful Mood.**  
Chicago, December 28.—There is only the most remote chance that the wound Charles H. Moyer's left shoulder will prove fatal. It was said to-night, probably within ten days he will be back in the copper country of Michigan directing the strike as president of the Western Federation of Miners.

Optimistic news of his condition came from Dr. G. V. Hilton and William M. Harsh, at St. Luke's Hospital to-day, when the radiograph showed that the bullet was embedded in the muscles of the left shoulder. Within forty-eight hours the surgeons will know whether it is best to remove the bullet. Unless it is best to remove the bullet, it is probable the bullet will be allowed to stay where it is, unless the proposed investigation of the shooting at Hancock, Mich., demands that the calibre of the bullet be ascertained. It was then the man who fired the shot, to trace the bullet to the man who fired it.

**Denmore Delayed in Arrival.**  
Big Rapids, Mich., December 28.—Solicitor John H. Denmore, of the United States Department of Labor, failed to reach Big Rapids to-day, having missed train connections at Grand Rapids. He will meet Governor Ferris to-morrow morning for a conference before proceeding to Calumet.

The Governor talked over the telephone to-night with Mr. Denmore, but nothing definite was agreed upon as to what action the solicitor will take in the copper country.

Governor Ferris to-day received a long telegram from Sheriff Cruise at Calumet. According to that official, his investigation has failed to show that General Manager McKeen, of the Calumet and Hecla mine, had any part in the "deportation" from Calumet of President Moyer, of the Western Federation of Miners. He was not prepared to say, however, who were the actual participants in sending the strike leader from Calumet.

"There is no occasion for impatience on the part of the people of Calumet," said Governor Ferris to-day. "The Boughton County grand jury will give every one an impartial hearing. The affair will be settled to the bottom."

**Berger Tenders Services.**  
Milwaukee, Wis., December 28.—Former Congressman Victor Berger, leader of the Milwaukee Socialists, to-day wired the publishers of the Tyomias, that they were welcome to use the plant of the Socialist newspapers under the condition that they would permit them to issue their paper there.

The Tyomias was suppressed yesterday, and several of its employees were reported as arrested. It was said that the paper was keeping up the agitation against the mine owners by making untrue charges against them.

**Secretary McAdoo Much Better.**  
Washington, December 28.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, who has been suffering from a slight attack of grip, is much better to-day, and expects to be at his desk on Tuesday.

## WHY Berry Clothes are So Popular.



Berry clothes are the first and last word in style—correct, becoming, common-sense styles for men.

Suits that fit without artificial fixtures, soft rolling front, smooth graceful lines, coats just the common sense length.

Never were better fashions put forth for men!

Attractive colors and novel weaves add to the picture—suits, \$15 to \$40.

Our \$20 line will please most any particular man.

Overcoats the same way.

If you want to give your suit a new and becoming air, wear one of our model fancy waistsuits.

Every taste suited at \$3.50 to \$8.50.

*C. H. Perry*

## CASES OF CANCER FAST INCREASING

(Continued From First Page.)

\$125,000 worth of radium for that purpose.

Dr. Busch is under the care of Dr. Roswell Park, who declines to discuss the efficiency of radium except in a general way. "Certain cases of internal cancer have been treated with radium," Dr. Park said, "and evidently very satisfactory results have been secured, but there is a hesitancy among surgeons who have radium in using it for internal cases, such as cancer of the stomach."

**Not Able to Tell Benefits.**  
Baltimore, Md., December 28.—"It will be several weeks before we can tell if the radium treatment is going to prove beneficial in the case of Mr. Brenner," said Dr. Roswell Park, of the Johns Hopkins University, when he was asked by the Baltimore American to-day what he thought of the treatment to-night, and continues cheerful and optimistic.

This statement was made to-night by Dr. Howard A. Kelly, of Johns Hopkins University, when he was asked by the Baltimore American to-day what he thought of the treatment to-night, and continues cheerful and optimistic.

Dr. Kelly continues to urge that Congress should take immediate steps to conserve its supply of radium.

**SUBURB IS TERRORIZED.**

**Man Beats Mother and Father, and Shoots Three Other Persons.**  
Pittsburgh, Pa., December 28.—West Homestead, a suburb, was terrorized to-day by Henry Rokowski, twenty-two years old, who after beating his mother and father shot and fatally wounded a constable and another man and a woman. A posse of county officers and police to-day searching for Rokowski. Constable Martin Windt was sent to arrest Rokowski on a charge of assault and battery, preferred by his parents. As Windt was taking Rokowski to jail the prisoner turned on the officer and shot him in the abdomen and head. Windt is dying in a hospital. Rokowski fled to the home of Mrs. Estella Yakabik. She refused him admittance and he shot her wounding her fatally. Ignatz Baukowsky went to Mrs. Yakabik's aid and received two bullet wounds in the body.

## BRUTAL MURDERS OF FEDERAL TROOPS

Innocent Women and Children and Unoffending Men Put to Death.

**PARTIAL LIST OF VICTIMS**

Bodies Hanged to Telegraph Poles in Order to Terrorize Natives.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
Washington, December 28.—Details of atrocities charged against Federal troops in recent military manoeuvres in Mexico are coming here to representatives of the Constitutionalists.

Brutal murders of innocent women and children and of unoffending persons and Indians, as well as of active combatants, are charged. The Federal commanders are said to be stringing such Mexicans to telegraph poles along railroad lines to terrorize sympathizers with those opposing the Huerta regime.

The State Department is keeping official registers of Americans and other foreign residents in Mexico who have been killed, injured and despoiled of their property. Consular officials are making regular and full reports. The department will not make public this list, having denied the information from motives of administration policy to the Senate, which asked it through formal resolutions.

**Partial list of Victims.**  
A partial list of victims of Mexican brutality, murder or attempted murder being charged in each instance, compiled to-night by Sherborne G. Hopkins, legal representative of the Constitutionalists, includes:

President Madero and Gustavo Madero, shot.

Governor Riveros, of Sinaloa; tried to kill, but escaped.

General Ambrosio Gonzalez, of Chihuahua, killed by General Rabago, by being thrown under moving train.

Senator Dominguez, murdered after making speech in Senate opposing Huerta.

Deputy F. Escudero, ordered murdered, but escaped.

All Constitutionalists officers and men executed, if captured. Estimated shot, 2,000 since March 1, 1913.

Fifteen members of Chamber of Deputies disappeared.

At least fifty army officers secretly shot in penitentiary because they criticized Huerta's assumption of dictatorial powers.

"From consular reports and from private sources that I believe reliable," said Captain Hopkins, "we have learned that the Federal troops shot down at least 300 unoffending men, women and children, peons and laborers in the streets of Mexico after the battle at Cuernavaca."

"The poor people had gone into the streets following the battle, and with the retirement of the Constitutionalists, they were not arrayed against the Federal troops."

"Between Monterey and Laredo the commanding Federal officers had such unoffending noncombatants hanged to telegraph poles to terrorize the natives. A train on this road was held up at its orders that the passengers might view the bodies of eight men who had been hanged by the Federalists."

**In Sight of Warship.**  
The Federalists hanged fifteen Constitutionalists officers and men at Cuernavaca in sight of the foreign warships there, and Admiral Fletcher, commanding the American battleships, made it known that he would not be involved in that battle were bayoneted by the Federal troops.

"General Carranza, commanding the Constitutionalists, has required that the Federal troops be accorded treatment as humane as that given his own wounded."

"The Constitutionalists shot seven Federal officers at Juarez, after trial by court-martial. Charges that they had violated parole, under which they had agreed not to take active part against the Constitutionalists."

"About six months ago the Federalists bayoneted a number of wounded Constitutionalists at Guaymas. The latter have since retaliated by shooting a few Federal officers."

The State of Morelos has been devastated by the Federal troops, women and children, having been butchered in cold blood.

"Every Federal general has been looting his own war funds, and where there was no great loot, he stole from street car and railroad service, and the levy is made. Aside from railroad losses, I estimate that the Federalists have destroyed, looted and stolen five times as much as the so-called rebels."

**Recurrence of Complaint.**  
London, December 28.—A St. Petersburg dispatch to the Daily Mail says it is reported a recurrence of Crown Prince Alexis's previous complaint has been brought on by over-exertion.

According to some reports Prince Alexis has been suffering from tuberculosis of the bones, although the nature of his illness has never been satisfactorily explained.

**This Week's Weather**  
Will Be Generally Fair

Washington, December 28.—Generally fair weather is predicted for the next few days in parts of the country east of the Rocky Mountains and over the Southern Plateau region.

"A disturbance of moderate intensity, central Sunday morning and Monday, will move northward and cause rains Monday in the Southeastern States and cloudy weather and probably snows Monday and Tuesday in the Middle Atlantic and New England States, upper Ohio Valley and lower Lake region. The weekly bulletin of the Weather Bureau, issued to-night, says:

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## FIGURES OF GROWTH PROVE ENCOURAGING

Membership of Presbyterian Church Has Increased Rapidly in Southern States.

**BY MAMIE BAYS.**

Facts which are far more than usual in point of interest regarding the growth of the membership of the Southern Presbyterian Church, in comparison with the growth of the population of the Southern States during the years from 1880 to 1913 have just become available, and the encouraging nature of these figures is such as to give to the church renewed effort for the accomplishment of yet larger things during the coming year than has been true of the accomplishment of any single year in its history. The same note of encouragement characterizes the facts just now available regarding the growth in contributions of the membership of this church to the benevolent causes of the same.

The population of white people in the Southern States at this time being rated at 20,000,000, and the present number of communicants of the Southern Presbyterian Church being 300,771, the church is at present one-half the population of the Southern States, exclusive of the communicants of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America (Northern branch), and one-tenth of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church. If these were included in the comparison, the ratio would be much larger, and if the children of Presbyterians, rather of one church or another, were included, the ratio would be increased three times. The growth of the population of the Southern States since 1807 is estimated at about 100 per cent, and during the same time the membership of the Southern Presbyterian Church has been 70 per cent, the membership of this church having increased during these years at the rate of increase of the population. During the nine years, from 1903 to 1912, the population of the Southern States increased 20 per cent, and the membership of the Southern Presbyterian Church during these nine years was 24 per cent.

Additional figures show that during the thirty years from 1880 to 1910 the population of the Southern States increased 100 per cent, and the increase in church membership was 140 per cent; the population of the Southern States in 1910 was 14,000,000, and the church membership 400 per cent; the population of Nashville in 1910 was 100,000, and the church membership 24 per cent; the population of Louisville increased 81 per cent, and the church membership 240 per cent; the population of St. Louis increased 93 per cent, and the church membership 120 per cent; the population of Chicago increased 100 per cent, and the church membership 180 per cent; the population of Houston increased 100 per cent, and the church membership 670 per cent; the population of Birmingham increased 100 per cent, and the church membership 2,500 per cent; six of the eight representative cities of the South here are shown to have a larger percentage of increase in church membership than in population during the thirty years from 1880 to 1910.

The growth of the Southern Presbyterian Church is far in advance of the Northern branch of the same church in point of contributions to benevolent causes—and the salaries of pastors are not included in these contributions—as is shown by the following figures: The Presbyterians of the South since the year 1882 have increased their contributions to benevolent causes 200 per cent, while in the North contributions to foreign missions have increased only 7 per cent per capita, and during the same time the percentage of increase in contributions to benevolent causes in the South has been 36 per cent; the per capita increase in contributions to benevolent causes by the church in the South has been 250 per cent, and in the North it has been only 25 per cent increase during this time. Wealth, upon the average, has grown more rapidly in the South than in the North during these years, and the percentage of increase in contributions to benevolent causes is decidedly larger.

The plans already made, and which will be carried out as rapidly as possible during the coming year for the increase of interest in and the extension of the work of the church in home missions, Christian education, ministerial relief, the Sabbath school and other benevolent work, are such as to promise that the church in the Southern Presbyterian Church and the contributions of the membership will reach a goodly number in the previous year in the history of the church.

**Parls Covered by Snow.**

Paris, December 28.—Parisians awoke to-day surprised to find the city hidden under a mantle of snow. On Saturday there was a great rain storm, and street car and railroad service were delayed. Telegraphic and telephonic communication with foreign and provincial centres has been interrupted.

**Member of Hendrickson Clan Negotiating for Surrender.**  
Frankfort, Ky., December 28.—According to advices received by Governor McCreary here to-day, the members of the Hendrickson clan, besieged by a detachment of State militia and a sheriff's posse in an abandoned mine at Unionville and Elva, are negotiating for surrender. The clan, led by J. T. Ellis, returned to Lexington from the mine last night and reported by telephone to Governor McCreary to-day that the clanmen's provisions were running low and that they had asked for terms of surrender. Thirty-five militiamen and ten deputy sheriffs guard the mine entrances.

The mine started on Wednesday when it is alleged "Happy Jack" Hendrickson, leader of the clan, killed a man, and after reaching his home, he, with friends and relatives engaged in a battle with a sheriff's posse. After the skirmish, the Hendricksons fled to the mountains and were traced by bloodhounds to the abandoned mine shaft. It is said the fugitives in the mine number about twenty.

**Officers Ready to Repel Attack**

**Policemen From Baltimore Arrive to Help Sheriff Brown Guard Prisoners.**

Chesterstown, Md., December 28.—When it became known late this afternoon, that James Paraway, one of the negroes held on the charge of conspiracy in the murder of James Coleman, a farmer, had confessed that he assisted Norman Mahel, another negro, in crime, excitement which had subsided somewhat after the unsuccessful attacks by a mob upon the jail last night, again flamed up. The news spread rapidly, in spite of efforts to keep the matter quiet, and a large secret, and the number of silent watchers who had not left the jail during the day soon was augmented. Thoroughly frightened by a terrible experience last night, when the mob thronged about his cell, Paraway, who all along had maintained his innocence, broke down to-day under the questioning of detectives. According to his confession, the deed was planned by Mahel, and himself when they saw Coleman count his money in a store. They followed him, and Paraway hit the farmer with an iron bar. Then after taking his money they separated.

Police from Baltimore, sent upon order of Governor Goldsborough, arrived to-night to assist in guarding the prisoners. With the added force, Sheriff Brown feels that he will be able to repel another attack if one is made.

**Cabinet Crisis Imminent.**

Belgrade, December 28.—Another Cabinet crisis is imminent. The War Minister resigned to-day owing to the refusal of the Cabinet to pass the war budget.

## RAMPOLLA'S ROOM SEALED

Another Search for Cardinal's Will to Be Made to-morrow.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.]  
Rome, December 28.—Deputy Giacomo Ferri, attorney for Princess Altieri, divorced wife of the Duke of Cambrillo, and nephew of the late Cardinal Rampolla, said to-day he did not believe there was much hope of discovering the missing will of the cardinal. A second search of the cardinal's room will be made to-morrow in the presence of the heirs. The room is sealed at present by orders of the Vatican. The police will be permitted to witness the search, although the cardinal's residence is on Vatican territory.

Dr. Battistini to-day issued a detailed diagnosis of the cardinal's disease, showing it to have been angina pectoris, with nothing to justify foul play. The project of exhuming the body for a post-mortem examination has been definitely abandoned.

**MOVEMENT OF JE**